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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.
10/080,884	02/22/2002	Do-Hyung Kim	4591-226	6557
7590 12/12/2003 MARGER JOHNSON & McCOLLOM, P.C. 1030 S.W. Morrison Street Portland, OR 97205			EXAMINER	
			DEO, DUY VU NGUYEN	
			ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER
·			1765	
			DATE MAILED: 12/12/2003	

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

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	Application No.	Applicant(s)				
	10/080,884	KIM ET AL.				
Office Action Summary	Examiner	Art Unit				
	DuyVu n Deo	1765				
The MAILING DATE of this communication apperiod for Reply	pears on the cover sheet wit	th the correspondence address				
A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPL THE MAILING DATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION. - Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1. - after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication. - If the period for reply specified above is less than thirty (30) days, a rep - If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period - Failure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statute - Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailin - earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b). Status	136(a). In no event, however, may a rely within the statutory minimum of thirty will apply and will expire SIX (6) MON e, cause the application to become AB.	eply be timely filed r (30) days will be considered timely. FHS from the mailing date of this communication. ANDONED (35 U.S.C. § 133).				
1) Responsive to communication(s) filed on <u>22 F</u>	Sehruary 2002					
	action is non-final.					
3) Since this application is in condition for allowance except for formal matters, prosecution as to the merits is closed in accordance with the practice under <i>Ex parte Quayle</i> , 1935 C.D. 11, 453 O.G. 213.						
Disposition of Claims		`				
4) ☐ Claim(s) 1-9 is/are pending in the application. 4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are withdra 5) ☐ Claim(s) is/are allowed. 6) ☐ Claim(s) 1-9 is/are rejected. 7) ☐ Claim(s) is/are objected to. 8) ☐ Claim(s) are subject to restriction and/o						
Application Papers	·					
9) The specification is objected to by the Examine		shipotod to by the Evaminar				
10)⊠ The drawing(s) filed on <u>22 February 2002</u> is/are: a)⊠ accepted or b)□ objected to by the Examiner. Applicant may not request that any objection to the drawing(s) be held in abeyance. See 37 CFR 1.85(a).						
Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correction is required if the drawing(s) is objected to. See 37 CFR 1.121(d).						
11) The oath or declaration is objected to by the Examiner. Note the attached Office Action or form PTO-152.						
Priority under 35 U.S.C. §§ 119 and 120						
12) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreig a) All b) Some * c) None of: 1. Certified copies of the priority document 2. Certified copies of the priority document 3. Copies of the certified copies of the priority document application from the International Bureat * See the attached detailed Office action for a list 13) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for domest since a specific reference was included in the firm 37 CFR 1.78. a) The translation of the foreign language profiled the firm	ts have been received. ts have been received in Apority documents have been to (PCT Rule 17.2(a)). t of the certified copies not to priority under 35 U.S.C. ast sentence of the specification has been ovisional application has been priority under 35 U.S.C.	oplication No received in this National Stage received. § 119(e) (to a provisional application) ation or in an Application Data Sheet. een received. §§ 120 and/or 121 since a specific				
Attachment(s)	_					
 Notice of References Cited (PTO-892) Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948) Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449) Paper No(s) 	5) 🔲 Notice of In	ummary (PTO-413) Paper No(s) formal Patent Application (PTO-152)				

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DETAILED ACTION

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 102

1. The following is a quotation of the appropriate paragraphs of 35 U.S.C. 102 that form the basis for the rejections under this section made in this Office action:

A person shall be entitled to a patent unless -

- (e) the invention was described in (1) an application for patent, published under section 122(b), by another filed in the United States before the invention by the applicant for patent or (2) a patent granted on an application for patent by another filed in the United States before the invention by the applicant for patent, except that an international application filed under the treaty defined in section 351(a) shall have the effects for purposes of this subsection of an application filed in the United States only if the international application designated the United States and was published under Article 21(2) of such treaty in the English language.
- (e) the invention was described in a patent granted on an application for patent by another filed in the United States before the invention thereof by the applicant for patent, or on an international application by another who has fulfilled the requirements of paragraphs (1), (2), and (4) of section 371(c) of this title before the invention thereof by the applicant for patent.

The changes made to 35 U.S.C. 102(e) by the American Inventors Protection Act of 1999 (AIPA) and the Intellectual Property and High Technology Technical Amendments Act of 2002 do not apply when the reference is a U.S. patent resulting directly or indirectly from an international application filed before November 29, 2000. Therefore, the prior art date of the reference is determined under 35 U.S.C. 102(e) prior to the amendment by the AIPA (pre-AIPA 35 U.S.C. 102(e)).

2. Claims 1-3, 5 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 102(e) as being anticipated by Agahi et al. (US 6,140,208).

Agahi describes a method for forming shallow trench isolation comprising: a first of etching the substrate to form a trench (col. 4, line 32-35); a second step of depositing an conformal insulating oxide layer on both sidewalls and bottom of the trench (col. 4, line 48-50);

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a third step of growing a thin thermal oxide layer through the insulating oxide layer using a thermal oxide process (this would read claimed third step of growing a thermal oxide between the conformal material layer and the substrate through a thermal oxide process for preventing etch damage while etching the substrate) (col. 4, line 60-col. 5, line 5); a fourth step of forming a nitride liner on the insulating oxide layer (col. 5, line 5-6); a fifth step of filling the trench with isolating material (col. 5, line 8-10).

Referring to claims 2 8, the insulating oxide layer is formed at T about 500-600 degree Celsius (col. 4, line 53-54). This read on claimed middle temperature oxide.

Referring to claims 3 and 7, the thickness of the insulating oxide material is 50-300 angstrom and the thickness of the thermal oxide is 50-200 angstrom (col. 4, line 56, 67).

Referring to claims 5 and 6, the insulating oxide and thermal oxide layer would read on claimed an impurity material diffusion barrier layer.

Referring to claim 9, in a second embodiment the thermal oxide is formed and then a forming a conformal insulating oxide layer on the thermal oxide layer (col. 3, line 20-25; col. 5, line 15-18).

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

- 3. The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:
 - (a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.

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4. Claim 4 is rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Agahi as applied to claim 1 above, and further in view of Jang et al. (US 6,037,018).

Agahi doesn't describe the isolation material is made of HDP or BPSG to a thickness of 3000-10000 angstrom. Jang describes a same method of forming shallow trench isolation where he teaches of the isolation material is made of HDP oxide layer at a thickness between 3000-10000 angstrom (col. 7, line 38-col. 8, line 3). It would have been obvious for one skill in the art to form the isolation material in light of Jang because Jang further describes technique and other specific parameters for forming the isolation layer to fill the trench with a reasonable expectation of success.

Double Patenting

5. The nonstatutory double patenting rejection is based on a judicially created doctrine grounded in public policy (a policy reflected in the statute) so as to prevent the unjustified or improper timewise extension of the "right to exclude" granted by a patent and to prevent possible harassment by multiple assignees. See *In re Goodman*, 11 F.3d 1046, 29 USPQ2d 2010 (Fed. Cir. 1993); *In re Longi*, 759 F.2d 887, 225 USPQ 645 (Fed. Cir. 1985); *In re Van Ornum*, 686 F.2d 937, 214 USPQ 761 (CCPA 1982); *In re Vogel*, 422 F.2d 438, 164 USPQ 619 (CCPA 1970); and, *In re Thorington*, 418 F.2d 528, 163 USPQ 644 (CCPA 1969).

A timely filed terminal disclaimer in compliance with 37 CFR 1.321(c) may be used to overcome an actual or provisional rejection based on a nonstatutory double patenting ground provided the conflicting application or patent is shown to be commonly owned with this application. See 37 CFR 1.130(b).

Effective January 1, 1994, a registered attorney or agent of record may sign a terminal disclaimer. A terminal disclaimer signed by the assignee must fully comply with 37 CFR 3.73(b).

6. Claims 1-9 are provisionally rejected under the judicially created doctrine of obviousness-type double patenting as being unpatentable over claims 1-26 of copending Application No. 10/083,756. Although the conflicting claims are not identical, they are not

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patentably distinct from each other because they both teach a method for forming a shallow trench isolation having a thermal oxide between a conformal liner material and the substrate.

This is a <u>provisional</u> obviousness-type double patenting rejection because the conflicting claims have not in fact been patented.

7. Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to DuyVu n Deo whose telephone number is 703-305-0515.

DVD 12/9/03

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